

How to attempt an answer in Examination?

-Each Student could have unique design to answer any question, however content & length should be kept in mind.
Lets take a look...

Q. Define Industry. Explain the types of Industry.

Ans: Industry is that form of business involved in production of goods and services to meet the needs of society. In other words, any business organization engaged in conversion of raw material into a different product with the use of some technology is known as Industry.

The types of industry can be classified as below:

1. Genetic Industry
2. Extraction Industry
2. Manufacturing Industry
4. Construction Industry

1.Genetic Industry:

The industry which produces several products under the influence of Natural process & growth is known as Genetic Industry. It does not involve human efforts to a larger extent such as Agriculture, Horticulture etc.

2.Extraction Industry:

Industries that are involved in extracting the resources from the sources of nature are called extraction industries. It supplies the raw material to other industries such as mining etc.

3.Construction industry:

Those types of industries which are engaged in construction of different infrastructures such as bridge, houses, dams etc are called construction industries. It helps in development of country.

4.Manufacturing Industry:

An industry involved in production of products from processing of some raw materials is known as Manufacturing Industry. For example- Biscuit industry etc. It can be further classified as below:

a.**Analytical Industry**:- In this industry various goods are produced by single material such as dairy product.

b.**Processing Industry**:- This industry is involved in production of goods by using different steps.

c.**Synthetic Industry**:- This industry is involved for using various raw materials to produce a single good.

d.**Assembling Industry**:- The industry which is involved for production of goods by combining different parts which are already manufactured by different industries is called assembling industry.

Who was Steve Jobs?

(February 24, 1955 – October 5, 2011)



Steven Paul Jobs was an American entrepreneur and business magnate. He was the chairman, chief executive officer (CEO), and a co-founder of Apple Inc. (manufacturer of iPhones, iPads). Steve Jobs is widely recognized as a pioneer of the microcomputer revolution of the 1970s and 1980s, along with Apple co-founder Steve Wozniak.

Steve Jobs said:

“Stay hungry; Stay Foolish”

“Great things in business are never done by one person. They’re done by a team of people”

“Your time is limited, so don’t waste it living someone else’s life”

Yedi keti le chappal le haanin bhane, yesko Journal Entry k hola ta...



Chappal A/c Dr

To Ijjat A/c

(Being Chappal is taken from girl and ijat going out)

परीक्षामा कसरी प्रश्नको उत्तर लेख्ने ?

-जवाफ लेख्ने हरेक बिद्यार्थीको आफ्नो शैली नै हुन्छ तर लम्बाई र लेख द्वाैमा ध्यान दिनु पर्दछ ।

प्रश्न: योजनाको परिभाषा लेख्नुहोस् र योजनाका विशेषताहरु वर्णन गर्नुहोस् ।

उत्तर: भविष्यमा गर्नुपर्ने कार्यहरुको बारेमा अहिले नै निर्णय लिने प्रकृत्यालाइ योजना भनिन्छ । अर्को शब्दमा, योजना व्यवस्थापनको पहिलो कार्य हो, जस अन्तरगत भविष्यमा प्राप्त गर्ने उद्देश्यको लागि विभिन्न विकल्पहरु मध्येबाट उच्चतम विकल्प छनोट गरिन्छ ।

योजना सबैभन्दा महत्वपूर्ण व्यवस्थापकिय प्रकृत्या हो र यसका मुख्य विशेषताहरु तल उल्लेखित छन् ।

1. **व्यवस्थापनको पहिलो कार्य:** व्यवस्थापनको पहिलो कार्य हो र यसले अन्य सबै कार्यहरु जस्तै संगठन, कर्मचारी व्यवस्थापन अदिलाइ सम्पन्न गर्न मद्दत गर्दछ । योजनाले व्यवस्थापकलाइ बाटो देखाउने गर्दछ ।
2. **उद्देश्यमा केन्द्रित:** कुनै पनि उद्देश्य प्राप्तीका लागि योजना अति आवश्यक हुन्छ । बिना उद्देश्य कुनै पनि कार्य सम्पन्न गर्न सकिदैन । त्यसैले योजना उद्देश्यमा केन्द्रित व्यवस्थापकिय कार्य हो ।
3. **भविष्यमा आधारित:** भविष्य अनिश्चित र अनियमित हुने भएको हुँदा कुनै कार्य गर्नुभन्दा पहिले योजना निर्माण आवश्यक हुन्छ । योजनाले भविष्यको कार्यलाई सम्पन्न गर्ने बाटो को निर्माण गर्दछ र अनिश्चितता हटाउने प्रयास गर्दछ ।
4. **निर्णय प्रकृत्या:** योजना अन्तरगत विभिन्न विकल्पहरुको गर्ने कार्य गरिन्छ र सर्वोत्कृष्ट विकल्प छनोट गर्ने निर्णायक कार्य गर्छ । योजनाले निर्णय प्रकृत्याबाट कुनै कार्य सही तरिकाले गर्न व्यवस्थापनलाई सहयोग गर्दछ ।
5. **सर्वव्यापी प्रकृत्या:** हरेक कार्यको प्रतिफल भविष्यमा प्राप्त हुन्छ र यसका लागि योजनाका आवश्यकता हुन्छ । त्यसैले योजना सर्वव्यापी रुपमा प्रयोग गरिने प्रकृत्या हो । योजनाले सबै किसिमको कार्यमा मद्दत पुर्याउँछ ।
6. **सबै तहमा आवश्यक:** संगठनको कार्य सम्पन्न गर्न विभिन्न तह स्थापना गरिएका हुन्छन् । हरेक तहमा धेरै कामहरु गरिन्छ र कार्य सम्पन्न गर्न योजना त चाहिन्छ, नै तसर्थ योजना संगठनमा रहेको सबै तहमा जरुरी हुन्छ ।

व्यवस्थापनको पहिलो कार्य	उद्देश्यमा केन्द्रित	भविष्यमा आधारित
योजनाका विशेषता		
निर्णय प्रकृत्या	सर्वव्यापी प्रकृत्या	सबै तहमा आवश्यक

मथि उल्लेखित बिन्दुहरुले योजनाका महत्वपूर्ण गुणहरुलाई द्रष्टाएका छन् । योजना बिना कुनै संगठन अगाडी बढ्न सक्दैन ।



Frederick Winslow Taylor is known as **Father of Scientific Management Theory.**

Henri Fayol is known as **Father of Administrative Management Theory.**

Max Weber has propounded famous **Bureaucracy Management Theory.**

Peter Ferdinand Drucker is known as **Founder of Modern Management.**

Jeff Bezos, the founder of **Amazon.com**, is the current wealthiest man of the world.

Bill Gates, the founder of **Microsoft**, is the current Second wealthiest man of the world.

Warren Buffet, the founder of **Berkshire Hathway**, is the current third richest man of the world.

Binod Chaudhary, the owner of **Chaudhary Group**, is the richest man of our country Nepal.

Mukesh Ambani, the owner of **Reliance group**, is the richest man of country India.



Abraham Lincoln letter to his son's teacher

"My son starts school today. It is all going to be strange and new to him for a while and I wish you would treat him gently. It is an adventure that might take him across continents. All adventures that probably include wars, tragedy and sorrow. To live this life will require faith, love and courage.

So dear Teacher, will you please take him by his hand and teach him things he will have to know, teaching him - but gently, if you can. Teach him that for every enemy, there is a friend. He will have to know that all men are not just, that all men are not true. But teach him also that for every scoundrel there is a hero, that for every crooked politician, there is a dedicated leader.

Teach him if you can that 10 cents earned is of far more value than a dollar found. In school, teacher, it is far more honorable to fail than to cheat. Teach him to learn how to gracefully lose, and enjoy winning when he does win.

Teach him to be gentle with people, tough with tough people. Steer him away from envy if you can and teach him the secret of quiet laughter. Teach him if you can - how to laugh when he is sad, teach him there is no shame in tears. Teach him there can be glory in failure and despair in success. Teach him to scoff at cynics.

Teach him if you can the wonders of books, but also give time to ponder the extreme mystery of birds in the sky, bees in the sun and flowers on a green hill. Teach him to

have faith in his own ideas, even if every one tell him they are wrong.

Try to give my son the strength not to follow the crowd when everyone else is doing it. Teach him to listen to every one, but teach him also to filters all that he hears on a screen of truth and take only the good that comes through.

Teach him to sell his talents and brains to the highest bidder but never to put a price tag on his heart and soul. Let him have the courage to be impatient, let him have the patient to be brave. Teach him to have sublime faith in himself, because then he will always have sublime faith in mankind, in God.

This is the order, teacher but see what best you can do. He is such a nice little boy and he is my son."



Nepal mein Kul 22546464372 log
aalsii hai....

Inme se kuchh to itne aalsii hai ki....
Unhone upar likhi sankhya v nahi
padhi...

Na Munna Na...ab mat padh, teri
ginti isme ho gayi hai....

मास्टर जी : अगर पृथ्वी के
अंदर LAVA है तो बाहर क्या है
?
संजू : मास्टर जी बाहर
OPPO और VIVO है
---घोर सन्नाटा

टीचर : वाक्य को अंग्रेजी
में ट्रांसलेट करो 'वसंत ने
मुझे मुक्का मारा'
संजू : वसन्तपंचमी

Let's Work...

-Bishesh K Sah

In the Chapter 2, Verse 47 of the Holy Bhagvad Geeta, it has been instructed that “ Do your Duty, but do not concern yourself with the results” and “Do not be attached to Inaction” among other instructions.

It is said Human Beings are the most intelligent among the worldly creatures and they have made such inventions that changed the course of life for people living on Earth. Things that were marked as impossible in the past are today's most accessible inventions. To mention a few could be the invention of Mobile phones, making it easy to communicate with anyone from anywhere. Another example could be the invention of Airplanes, making it possible to cross oceans in a matter of few hours and travel through-out the world. If we ponder upon these inventions, we could say they differentiated the way of life we are leading today with the ways of life our ancestors have live. We can call them Fruitful works of Mankind.

On the other hand, None, except Human Beings, has ever been the cruelest or filthiest among all the creatures that have ever existed on our planet, who has caused such destructions to our planet that is still unimaginable seeing its prolonged effects and sick intentions leading to such massive destructions. No one can forget the effects of Atom Bombs dropped in the cities of Japan during World War II, the concentration camps causing Mass deaths by the Nazi Forces, the brutal attack of 9/11 in New York city creating an ambience of fear & terror, are few of the examples of such damages done by Human beings.

However, if we ask all those people involved in either Inventions or Destructions, we will find one answer for why they did it, “They were performing their job or work”. Now its very crucial to understand & judge about the type of work we do. It is our decision to either work on the path of good or bad. Let's consider a situation, if we visit any function, we can either keep the place clean or we can be the reason for litter spread around. During the FIFA World Cup 2018 held at Russia, Japanese Football team and their supporters were applauded for their efforts to keep the stadium & player's room neat and tidy.

I would like to divert now to another perspective related to our action and work. We find many people complaining about their weak financial situation and not finding any work so that they could earn some money. But the same people would never mention that they never wished to learn any type of skill or tried to put some hard labour for any work. In our country, we see many people living their lives without doing anything, but they never bother to at least work along with their parents in what they do for their families' survival. In Nepal, people choose luxury over importance and hence we invite problems. A famous quote from **Warren Buffet** says “If you buy things you do not need, soon you will have to sell things you need”. We all need to work on “What is Important at the moment?” Before doing anything, just ask the question “Is it important now?” and then act as you get the answer. The Almighty has divided the task for everyone as to which group of people has to discharge what type of work. An infant is destined to do few things like eating, sleeping, pooping and that's all. A kid should be doing tasks like playing, studying, learning new things & alike. An adult is entitled to performing tasks like leading family, caring for kids & oldies, becoming role models and alike. Similarly elderly people should guide, share experiences, take rest and do similar tasks. Whenever one group of people tries to perform other group's task, there is imbalance leading to chaos. If every Individual perform rightful task in a rightful & honest manner, the world can become best of the place for every creature on earth.

I advocate, Hey Everyone, Lets work,...